

# Audited Financial Statements

GRAMEEN FOUNDATION FOR SOCIAL IMPACT

Auditor DCM & CO.; CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS





# **Independent Auditors' Report**

# To the Members of Grameen Foundation for Social Impact

# Report on the Audit of Standalone Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of **Grameen Foundation for Social Impact** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2021, the Income and Expenditure account, and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, it's Surplus of income over expenditure and its cash flow for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities* for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



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# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the e-conomic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional sk-epticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are not responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The provisions of the companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the central Government of India in term of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the companies act, 2013 is not applicable to the company since

a) It is registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act of India, 2013.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report to the extent applicable, that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Income and Expenditure account and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) Clause regarding adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting is not applicable as per section 143(3)(i) of the Act.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) The company does not have any pending litigations which would materially impact its financial position.
  - (ii) The company does not have any term contracts including derivative contracts for which there are any material foreseeable losses.
  - (iii) There has not been an occasion in case of the Company during the year under report to transfer any sums to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. The question of delay in transferring such sums does not arise.

Place: New Delhi Dated: 31st August, 2021



For DCM & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 013189S

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Prakhar Banthiya Membership Number: 088526 UDIN-21088526AAAABQ5037

## **Grameen Foundation For Social Impact** Balance sheet as at 31st March 2021

	Note	As at	As at
		31st March 2021	31st March 2020
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2	2,00,200	2,00,200
Reserve and surplus	3	16,40,516	4,49,183
		18,40,716	6,49,383
Non-current liabilities			
Long term provisions	4	4,98,569	6,55,377
		4,98,569	6,55,377
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	5		
(a) total dues of micro and small enterprises; and		-	46,690
(b) total dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		3,36,890	3,53,910
Other current liabilities	6	35,30,836	2,30,50,345
Short-term provisions	7	1,30,665	33,799
	4	39,98,391	2,34,84,744
		63,37,676	2,47,89,504
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, Plant and Equipments	8		
- Tangible assets		6,80,312	2,97,902
- Intangible assets		47	17,099
long term loans and advances	9	2,08,699	65,791
		8,89,058	3,80,792
Current assets			
Frade receivables	10		15,00,000
Cash and cash equivalents	11	51,98,803	2,28,06,244
short-term loans and advances	12	2,49,815	1,02,468
		54,48,618	2,44,08,712

Corporate information and Significant accounting policies Notes forming part of the financial statements

1 2 to 26

As per our report of even date attached.

For DCM & Co. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration Number :013189S

Prakhar Banthiya Partner Membership Number : 088526

UDIN: 21088526AAAABQ5037 Place : New Delhi Date: 31 - 08 - 2021

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors CIA 01 . esh Krishna Kodihalli Sur Girija Srinivasan Director Director DIN: 01217401 DIN: 00531734

63,37,676

Place : Bangalore

Place : Pune Date: 27-08-2021 Date: 30-08-2021

47,89,504

# Grameen Foundation For Social Impact Income and expenditure account for the year ended 31st March 2021

			nount in Indian Rupees
	Note	for the year ended 31st March 2021	for the year ended 31st March 2020
Income			
Revenue from operations	13	2,15,16,079	77,71,377
(Net of discounts, returns, duties, taxes and allowances)			
Other income	14	6,58,359	4,17,153
	=	2,21,74,438	81,88,530
Expenditure			
Programme expenses	15	1,76,40,375	68,82,490
Employee benefit expenses	16	20,33,591	8,07,057
Other expenses	17	11,66,956	4,09,023
Depreciation and amortisation	8	1,42,182	45,384
	=	2,09,83,104	81,43,954
Surplus/ (Deficit) before tax	-	11,91,334	44,576
Tax expenses			
Provision for tax (current year)		-	-
Deferred tax			
		-	
Surplus/ (Deficit) after tax		11,91,334	44,576
Basic / diluted earning per share	[See Note 19]	59.51	2.23
Corporate information and Significant accounting policies	1		
Notes forming part of the financial statements	2 to 26		

As per our report of even date attached.

For DCM & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number :0131895

Prakhar Banthiya

Prakhar Banthiya Partner Membership Number : 088526

UDIN: 21088526AAAABG5037Place : New Delhi Date : 31 - 08 - 2021



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Suresh Kristma Kodihalli Director DIN : 01217401 Place : Bangalore Date : **21-08-2021** Date : **30-08-2021** 

## Grameen Foundation For Social Impact Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2021

	All an	ount in Indian Rupees
	for the year ended 31st March 2021	for the year ended 31st March 2020
Cash flow from operating activities		
Surplus/ (Deficit) before tax	11,91,334	44,576
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation	1,42,182	45,384
Fixed assets received as donation	(1,89,477)	<u>2</u>
Operating profit/ (loss) before working capital changes	11,44,039	89,960
Changes in working capital		
Decrease/ (increase) in trade receivables	15,00,000	(6,25,000
Decrease/ (increase) in short term loans and advances	(1,47,347)	15,675
(Decrease)/ increase in long term provisions	(1,56,808)	2,35,878
(Decrease)/ increase trade payables	(63,710)	(15,88,978
(Decrease)/ increase in other current liabilities	(1,95,19,509)	2,25,86,397
(Decrease)/ increase in short term provisions	96,866	32,993
Cash generated from operations	(1,71,46,470)	2,07,46,925
Income tax paid (net of provision and refund)	(1,42,907)	(13,661
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	(1,72,89,377)	2,07,33,264
Cash flow from investing activities		
Amount paid for acquisition of fixed assets	(3,18,064)	(3,03,748
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	(3,18,064)	(3,03,748)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares		
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	-	-
Net decrease in Cash and Cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1,76,07,441)	2,04,29,516
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,28,06,244	23,76,728
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	51,98,803	2,28,06,244
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:		
Cash in hand		12
Balances with banks	3	25.
Current account	33,89,581	58,59,222
Deposit account	18,00,000	1,67,00,000
nterest accrued on deposits	9.222	2,47,022
	51,98,803	2,28,06,244

Notes forming part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

For DCM & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number :013189S

Prakhar Banthiya Partner Membership Number : 088526

UDIN : 21088526AAAABO 5037 Place : New Delhi Date : 31-08-2021



2 to 26

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Suresh Krishna Kodihalli Girlia Srinivasan

1.

Director DIN: 01217401 + Director DIN: 00531734 Place: Bangalore Place: Pune Date: 27-08-2021 Date: 30-08-2021

#### Notes forming part of the financial statements

## Note 1: Corporate information

Grameen Foundation for Social Impact (the Company) is a section 8 company domiciled in India and incorporated on 23rd August, 2012 under the provisions of the then Companies Act, 1956 (now 2013) with Limited Liability without addition of the word "Limited" or "Private Limited" to its name. Grameen Foundation for Social Impact is formed to undertake activities and services that impact the lives of the poor, specially women.

#### Significant accounting policies

## 1.01 Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with accounting standards notified under section 133 of Companies Act 2013, read with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year. The assets and liabilities have been classified as current and noncurrent as per the operating cycle criteria set out in the schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 1.02 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.

## 1.03 Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

#### 1.04 Property, plant & equipment

Tangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. All significant cost incidentals to acquisition and installation up to the date of commissioning are capitalized. Intangible Assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any.

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized in accordance with Accounting Standard - 28 "Impairment of Assets", for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount as on the carrying date. The recoverable amount is higher of the asset's fair value minus cost to sell vis-a-vis value in use. For the purpose of impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flow.

#### 1.05 Depreciation and amortisation

The Company has provided depreciation on the straight-line method on the fixed asset over its useful lives as provided in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 or as re-assessed by the Company.

Intangible assets are amortised over the useful economic life of the assets. The amortisation period and amortisation methods are reviewed each year at balance sheet date.



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#### Notes forming part of the financial statements

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## 1.06 Investments

Long term investments are valued at their cost including brokerage, fees and duty. However if in the opinion of the management there is decline in the value of the investments, other than temporary, the carrying amount of investments is reduced recognizing the decline in value of each such investment.

#### 1.07 Revenue recognition

Corpus grants received specifically for corpus of the company is shown under Capital Reserve in Balance sheet. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. In addition the following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

-Operational grants are accounted on the date of receipt but revenue is recognized as lower of grants received or expenses incurred. In case of grants received is lower than actual expenses incurred, revenue is recognized to the extent of expenses incurred. All Grants and contributions received during the year are towards the objective of the company.

- Income from advisory/Consultancy and capacity building services are recognized on accrual basis based on agreement with clients.

- Interest income on Saving Bank accounts and fixed deposit are accounted on accrual basis.

## 1.08 Employee Benefits

**Gratuity** - Gratuity is a post employment defined benefit plan. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually at the year end by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized as an income or expense in the Income and Expenditure Account in the year in which they arise.

Leave Encashment - Liability in respect of Leave Encashment is provided both for encashable leave and those expected to be availed based on actuarial valuation and estimate based on actual leave available for availment, which considers undiscounted value of the benefits expected to be paid/availed during the next one year and appropriate discounted value for the benefits expected to be paid/availed after one year. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized as an income or expense in the Income and Expenditure Account in the year in which they arise.

## 1.09 Foreign currency transaction and translation

#### Initial recognition

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the company are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at rates that are closely approximate to the date of the transaction.

## **Treatment of exchange differences**

Exchange differences arising on settlement / restatement of short-term foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities of the company are recognized as income or expenses in the statement of Profit and Loss.

## Subsequent recognition

The outstanding balances of the foreign transactions are reinstatted based upon the rate as per RBI as on last day of the financails.

## 1.10 Taxes on income

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences, being the differences between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantially enacted as at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all timing differences. Deferred tax assets is recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realise such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date for their realisability. As a matter of prudence, deferred tax asset, mainly on account of carry forward loss, have not been accounted for in the books, since it is not virtually certain, whether the Company will be able to take benefit of such losses.



#### Notes forming part of the financial statements

## 1.11 Earnings per share

#### All amount in Indian Rupees

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Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a lae able to take benefit of such losses.

shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

## 1.12 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions (excluding retirement benefits) are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Notes.



## Notes forming part of the financial statements

	All arno	unt in Indian Rupees
	As at	As at
	31st March 2021	31st March 2020
Note 2: Share capital		
Authorised share capital		
50,000 (previous year 50,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	5,00,000	5,00,000
	5,00,000	5,00,000
Issued and subscribed share capital		
20,020 (previous year 20,020) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	2,00,200	2,00,200
	2,00,200	2,00,200
Paid up capital		
20,020 (previous year 20,020) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up.	2,00,200	2,00,200
	2,00,200	2,00,200

# Details of shares held by the holding company, the ultimate holding company, their subsidiaries and associates:

	As	at	As	at
	31st Mar	ch 2021	31st Ma	rch 2020
Name	Number of	Percentage	Namber of	Percentage
	shares held		shares held	
Grameen Foundation India Pvt Ltd	20019	100.00%	20019	100.00%
Suresh Krishna Kodihalli	1	0%	1	0%
(Grameen Foundation India Pvt Ltd. is	the beneficial owne	r of the shares)		

(Grameen Foundation India Pvt. Ltd. is the beneficial owner of the shares)

# Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of aggregate shares in the Company

			at
31st Marc	ch 2021	31st Mar	rch 2020
Number of	Percentage	Number of	Percentage
shares held		shares held	
20019	100.00%	20019	100.00%
1	0%	1	0%
	Number of shares held	shares held           20019         100.00%	Number of shares heldPercentage shares heldNumber of shares held20019100.00%20019

(Grameen Foundation India Pvt. Ltd. is the beneficial owner of the shares)

# Reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	20,020	20,020
Shares issued during the year		-
Number of shares outstanding at the end of the year	20,020	20,020
Note 3: Reserve and surplus		
Capital Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	5,00,000	5,00,000
Add: Addition during the year		-
Less: Utilised / transferred during the year		-
	5,00,000	5,00,000
Surplus in the Income and expenditure account		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(50,817)	(95,393)
Add : Surplus/ (Deficit) during the period	11,91,334	44,576
	11,40,516	(50,817)



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# Notes forming part of the financial statements

		All amo	unt in Indian Rupees
		As at	As at
		31st March 2021	31st March 2020
Note 4: Long term provisions			
Employee benefits			
Provision for compensated absences	[See Note 21]	2,10,682	2,32,227
Provision for gratuity	[See Note 21]	2,87,887	4,23,150
		4,98,569	6,55,377
Note 5: Trade payables			
(a) total dues of micro and small enterprises; and		-	46,690
(b) total dues of creditors other than micro and small e	enterprises		
Sundry creditors	1	3,36,890	3,53,910
	-	3,36,890	4,00,600
Note 6: Other current liabilities			
Duties and taxes		1,43,104	
Grants received in advance		33,87,732	2,30,34,942
Expenses payable			15,403
		35,30,836	2,30,50,345
Note 7: Short-term provisions			
Employee benefits			
Provision for gratuity	[See Note 21]	71,665	1,349
		71,665	1,349
Other Provisions			
rovision for expenses	-	59,000	32,450
		59,000	32,450
	-	1,30,665	33,799
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Notes forming part of the financial statements

All amount in Indian Rupees

		Gross	<b>Gross Block</b>			Depr	Depreciation		Nat	Net Rlock
Particulars	As at	During the peri	he period	Asat	As at	During 4	During the neriod	Acat		
	1	0 17.1 L V				n Smrma	Inc her ton	12 CL	18 SV	AS at
	III APLII	Addition	Deletion	<b>31st March</b>	1st April	Addition	Deletion	<b>31st March</b>	31st March	31st March
	2020			2021	2020			2021	2021	_
Tangible assets										0404
Furniture and fixtures	76,778	95,679		1,72,457	1.578	7.276	,	8 855	1 63 607	000 22
Office equipments	10,990	1,06,246		1,17,236	4.313	6.328		10.642	1 06 504	DU2,C1
Computer hardwares	2,38,670	3,05,616		5,44,286	22,645	1.11.525		1 34 170	4 10 116	216.075
Subtotal (a)	3,26,438	5,07,541		8,33,979	28,536	1,25,129		1.53.667	6.80.312	2 07 002
									Traboolo	70/61/67
Intangible assets										
Computer software	46,061	•	•	46,061	28,962	17.053	3	46 014	47	17 000
Subtotal (b)	46,061		•	46,061	28,962	17,053		46.014	47	17,000
										10061-
Total	3,72,499	5,07,541		8,80,040	57,498	1.42.182	•	1.99.681	6.80.350	3 15 001

56,637 3,15,001 57,498 45,384 12,114 3,72,499 3,03,748 68,751 Previous year



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# Notes forming part of the financial statements

As at 31st March 2021 2,08,699 2,08,699 - - - - - -	As at 31st March 2020 65,791 65,791 - 15,00,000 - 15,00,000
2,08,699 2,08,699 - - -	65,791 65,791 - 15,00,000
2,08,699 - - -	- - 15,00,000
2,08,699 - - -	- - 15,00,000
-	- 15,00,000 -
-	
-	
- - -	
-	
	- 15,00,000
-	15,00,000
33,89,581	58,59,222
18,00,000	1,67,00,000
9,222	2,47,022
51,98,803	2,28,06,244
69,000	49,000
-	24,568
1,07,846	27,902
	998
2,49,815	1,02,468
And datio	To Con
Tot .	100
(	72,969 <b>2,49,815</b>

# Notes forming part of the financial statements

			ount in Indian Rupees
		for the year ended 31st March 2021	for the year ended 31st March 2020
Note 13: Revenue from operations		515t Mat Ch 2021	
Grant income		2,13,26,602	77,71,377
Fixed assets received as donation		1,89,477	-
		2,15,16,079	77,71,377
Note 14: Other income			
interest income:			
Fixed deposits		5,38,933	3,76,291
Savings bank accounts		1,17,796	38,521
ncome tax refund		1,129	2,341
Other income		501	-
	_	6,58,359	4,17,153
ote 15: Programme expenses			
roject Implementation & Field Cost		68,09,096	17,44,240
cholarship & Incentives		00,09,090	80,526
ravelling Expenses		5,19,000	1,07,233
ommunication Expenses		63,110	38,276
roject's Salary Expenses		1,02,49,169	49,12,215
ojeers Salary Expenses	-	1,76,40,375	<b>68,82,490</b>
		1,70,40,575	00,02,490
ote 16: Employee benefit expenses			
alary and wages		20,43,787	4,96,447
atuity [Sec	e Note 21}	(64,947)	1,60,542
eave encashment [Sec	e Note 21]	893	75,878
verhead costs		53,858	74,190
		20,33,591	8,07,057
ote 17: Other expenses			
	e Note 20]	1,63,904	1,15,708
ilities		92,825	2,820
ent including lease rentals		2,31,464	53,500
epairs and maintenance (office)		36,000	18,406
surance		5,20,736	22,741
nes and Penalties		3,696	1,665
avelling and conveyance		-	10,819
inting and stationery		69,314	1,56,514
stage and courier		4,557	2,210
mmission		-	15,000
nk charges		211	200
cruitment and training expenses		44,250	9,440
	3 <b></b>	11,66,956	4,09,023
		- Course	Core On in
	CM & C		JE Guu
(*)	(EPN - 0121000) *	FTEL	1 million



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Notes forming p	art of the fir	ancial statements
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te 18 :	Related party disclosure			
	Relationship	Name of related parties		
	Key management personnel		Name of related parties	
	Holding Company	Grameen Foundation India	Private Limited	
	Transactions with related parties during the year in the ordinary course of business at commercial terms			
	for the year ended for the year			
		31st March 2021	31st March 2020	
	Reimbursement of expenses Grameen Foundation India Private Limited	-	1,44,121	
Note 19 :	51			
	The following reflects the profit and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations for the year ended for the year ended			
		31st March 2021	for the year ended 31st March 2020	
	Profit after tax attributable to equity shareholders (A)	11,91,334	44,576	
	Weighted average number of equity shares (B)	20,020	20,020	
	Nominal value of per equity share	10	10	
	Basic earnings per share $(Rs.) - (A)/(B)$	59.51	2.23	
te 20 :	Legal and professional fees includes :			
		for the year ended 31st March 2021	for the year ended	
	Audit fee (inclusive of GST)	56,050	31st March 2020	
	Taxation Matters (inclusive of GST)		35,400	
		17,700	2,360	
		73,750	37,760	
	Employee benefits Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity		ne aforesaid defined benefit	
	<b>Defined benefit plans</b> In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions:	for the year ended	for the year ended	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity			
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation :	for the year ended 31st March 2021	for the year ended 31st March 2020	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 - (1,81,230)	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below) Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below) Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013 Current Liability	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below) Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349 4,23,150	
	Defined benefit plans         In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions:         Gratuity         Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation :         Obligation at beginning of year         Service Cost         Interest Cost         Benefits paid         Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation         Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below)         Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013         Current Liability         Non Current Liability	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below) Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013 Current Liability Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation Opening Balance	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349 4,23,150	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below) Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013 Current Liability Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349 4,23,150	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below) Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013 Current Liability Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation Opening Balance	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349 4,23,150	
	Defined benefit plans         In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions:         Gratuity         Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation :         Obligation at beginning of year         Service Cost         Interest Cost         Benefits paid         Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation         Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below)         Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013         Current Liability         Non Current Liability         Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation         Opening Balance         Changes during the year         Closing Balance	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887 3,59,552	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349 4,23,150	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below) Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013 Current Liability Non Current Liability Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation Opening Balance Changes during the year in the income and expenditure	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887 3,59,552 - - - account:	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349 4,23,150 4,24,499 - - -	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below) Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013 Current Liability Non Current Liability Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation Opening Balance Changes during the year Closing Balance Expense recognized during the year in the income and expenditure Service Cost	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887 3,59,552 - - - account: 92,936	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349 4,23,150 4,24,499 - - - 1,29,504	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below) Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013 Current Liability Non Current Liability Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation Opening Balance Changes during the year Closing Balance Expense recognized during the year in the income and expenditure Service Cost Interest cost	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887 3,59,552 - - - account:	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 1,349 4,23,150 4,24,499 - -	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity  Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below)  Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013 Current Liability Non Current Liability Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation Opening Balance Changes during the year Closing Balance  Expense recognized during the year in the income and expenditure Service Cost Interest cost Actual return on plan assets	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887 3,59,552 - - - account: 92,936 23,347	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 4,23,150 4,24,499 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
	Defined benefit plans         In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions:         Gratuity         Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation :         Obligation at beginning of year         Service Cost         Interest Cost         Benefits paid         Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation         Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below)         Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013         Current Liability         Non Current Liability         Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation         Opening Balance         Changes during the year         Closing Balance         Expense recognized during the year in the income and expenditure         Service Cost         Interest cost         Actual return on plan assets         Net actuarial (gain)/ loss recognized in the period	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887 3,59,552 - - - account: 92,936 23,347 - (1,81,230) - - - - - - - - - - - - -	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 4,23,150 4,24,499 - - - - 1,29,504 15,837 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
	Defined benefit plans In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (Revised), actuarial value plans based on the following assumptions: Gratuity  Reconciliation of present value of the defined benefits obligation : Obligation at beginning of year Service Cost Interest Cost Benefits paid Actuarial (gain)/loss on obligation Obligation at end of year (Refer note (i) below)  Classification of liability as per Companies Act, 2013 Current Liability Non Current Liability Investment in planned assets against Gratuity obligation Opening Balance Changes during the year Closing Balance  Expense recognized during the year in the income and expenditure Service Cost Interest cost Actual return on plan assets	for the year ended 31st March 2021 4,24,499 92,936 23,347 (1,81,230) 3,59,552 71,665 2,87,887 3,59,552 - - - account: 92,936 23,347	for the year ended 31st March 2020 2,63,957 1,29,504 15,837 - 15,201 4,24,499 4,23,150 4,24,499 - - - - - 1,29,504 15,837 -	

## Notes forming part of the financial statements

All amount in Indian Rupees

<b>Reconciliation of gratuity expenses recognised in the income a</b> Expenses recognised under employee benefit expenses Reimbursable expenses incurred by GFI	and expenditure account (64,947)	1,60,542
	(64,947)	1,60,542
Actuarial assumptions		
Mortality Table	IALM 2012-14	IALM 2012-14
Discount Rate (per annum)	5.50%	6%
Expected Rate of increase in compensation levels	5%	5%
Expected Rate of return on Planned Assets	0%	0%
Withdrawal Rate (per annum)	25%	25%

The estimates of increase in compensation levels considered in the actuarial valuation takes into account factors like inflation, future salary increases, seniority, promotion, supply and demand in the employment market etc.

#### **Compensated absences**

The company has computed and accounted for leave encashment liabilities of all employees on a rational basis as at the end of accounting year.

Note 22: Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 Based on the information available with a management there are no material dues outstanding pending for payment beyond 45 days to micro, small and medium enterprise covered under the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Development Act, 2006. The liability if any on account of interest thereof shall be recognized on cash basis.

## Note 23: Balance confirmation of usnsecured receivables

In the opinion of the management, current assets, loan and advances have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business, at least equal to the amount at which they are stated.

#### Note 24: Effect of Covid-19 on going concern status

Due to Covid-19 pandemic, the business operations of the company is likely to be affected for a very short-term period, both for revenue and activities.

However, in long term the management doesn't envisage any major financial impact due to the outbreak of pandemic COVID-19 and accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on Going Concern basis.

## Note 25: Applicability of Accounting standards

The Company is a small and medium sized company (SMC) as defined in the general instruction in respect of accounting standards notified under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the company has complied with the Accounting Standards as applicable to Small and Medium Sized Company.

## Note 26: Application of Schedule III format of Companies Act, 2013

These financial statements have been prepared in the format prescribed by the Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013. Previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged, wherever necessary, to confirm to the current year's classification.

As per our report of even date attached.

For DCM & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number :013189S

Prakhar Banthiya Partner Membership Number : 088526

UDIN: 210 88526AAAABO 5027 Place: New Delhi Date: 31 - 08 - 2021



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Suresh Krishna Kodihalli Girija Srinivasan Director Director \* DIN: 01217401 DIN: 00531734 Place : Bangalore Place : Pune Date: 27-08-2021 Date: 30-08-2021